- 1. Cut out the grid and stick it across a double page (or print on A3)
- 2. Draw an icon to represent the contents the box
- 3. Using resources such as your exercise book and textbooks, write an overview of each factor on the outside of your sheet.

Secondary Effects	Natural Hazards	Hazard Risk
Primary Effects	Immediate Responses	Structure of the Earth
Conservative Plate Margin	Long-term responses	Plate Movement
Destructive Plate Margin	Constructive Plate Margin	Distribution of earthquakes and volcanoes

4. In a few days, repeat this, using only your memory!

Revision Grids



Secondary Effects	Natural Hazards	Hazard Risk
Primary Effects	Immediate Responses	Structure of the Earth
Conservative Plate Margin	Long-term responses	Plate Movement
Destructive Plate Margin	Constructive Plate Margin	Distribution of earthquakes and volcanoes

Secondary effects of LIC/NEE earthquake	HIC earthquake case study	Cause of HIC earthquake
Primary effects of LIC/NEE earthquake	Long-term response to HIC earthquake	Primary effects of HIC earthquake
Cause of LIC/NEE earthquake	Immediate response to LIC/NEE earthquake	Secondary effects of HIC earthquake
LIC/NEE earthquake case study	Long-term response to HIC earthquake	Immediate response to HIC earthquake

Protection from eruptions	Economic reasons for living at risk	Social reasons for living at risk
Planning for earthquakes	Where do people live at risk?	Monitoring volcanoes
Predicting earthquakes		Predicting eruptions
Monitoring earthquakes	Protection from eruptions	Planning for eruptions

Latitude and temperature	Pressure belts
Global atmospheric circulation	Surface winds

Location of tropical storms	Formation of tropical storms	Structure of tropical storms 6
Predicting tropical storms	Protection from tropical storms	Climate change and tropical storms
Monitoring tropical storms	Planning for tropical storms	Primary effects of a tropical storm
Long-term responses	Immediate responses	Secondary effects of a tropical storm

UK weather – more extreme?	Storm events in UK	Flooding UK
Management strategies to reduce the risk	Predictions for future weather	Droughts and heatwaves in UK
Environmental impacts	Impact of climate change	Extremes of cold in UK
Economic impacts	Social impacts	Cause of an extreme weather event

Adaptation	Climate change	Natural causes of climate change
Mitigation		Human causes of climate change
Environmental effects of climate change	Social effects of climate change	Evidence of climate change



What is an ecosystem?	Biotic	Abiotic
Nutrient cycling	Litter	Producers
Food web	Biomass	Primary consumers
Food chain	Decomposers	Secondary consumers

Temperate grassland	Biome	Coniferous forest
Polar/tundra	Tropical rainforest	Deciduous forest
Mediterranean	Tropical grassland	

Plant adaptations in TRF	Location of TRF	Climate
Animal adaptations in TRF	Threats to biodiversity	Weather
Nutrient cycle	Biodiversity in TRF	Soils
Interdependence	People	Plants and animals

Soil erosion	Deforestation	Rates of deforestation
Impact economic development	Climate change	Subsistence and commercial farming
Settlement and population growth	Indigenous people	Logging
Energy development	Mineral extraction	Road building

Conservation and education	Value of tropical rainforest to people	Value of tropical rainforest to environment
Conservation and education	Debt reduction	Selective logging
Ecotourism	International agreements	Replanting

People	Hot desert location	Aridity
Animal adaptation	Interdependence	Heat - CIE
Plant adaptation	Biodiversity	Landscapes
Soils	Water	Climate

Inaccessibility	Hot desert case study	Location
Water supply challenges	Extreme temperatures	Mineral extraction
Tourism	Farming	Energy

Water and soil management	What is desertification?	Where?
Soil erosion	Appropriate/ intermediate technology	Why?
Over-cultivation	Tree planting	Climate change
Overgrazing	Fuel wood	Population growth

People	Cold environments location	Polar
Animal adaptation	Interdependence	Tundra
Plant adaptation	Biodiversity	Polar climate
Soils	Permafrost	Tundra climate

Inaccessibility	Cold environments case study	Location
Buildings and infrastructure	Extreme temperatures	Mineral extraction
Tourism	Fishing	Energy

Action by governments	Wilderness Area – What and where?	Why protect?
Conservation groups	International agreements	Technology



Carbonation	Waves	Wave energy
Chemical weathering	Hydrolysis	Breaking wave
Mechanical weathering	Freeze-thaw	Swash
Destructive waves	Constructive waves	Backwash

Saltation	Mass movement	Rockfall
Traction	Suspension	Landslide
Solution	Solution	Slumping
Attrition	Deposition	Mudflow
Corrasion	Abrasion	Hydraulic action

Sand dunes	Concordant coastline	Discordant coastline
Berms	Spits	Geology
Beaches	Bars	Headlands and Bays
Caves, arches and stacks	Cliffs and wave-cut platforms	Wave refraction

Dune regeneration	Hard engineering	4 management options
Beach reprofiling	Managed retreat	Sea wall
Beach nourishment	Cost/benefits of managed retreat	Rock armour
Soft engineering	Groynes	Gabions

Suspension	Long profile	Cross profile
Saltation	Traction	Lateral erosion
Solution	Solution	Vertical erosion
Attrition	Abrasion	Hydraulic action

Estuaries	Interlocking spurs	Waterfalls
Floodplains Levees	Landforms of erosion	Gorges
Oxbow lakes	Riffles	Pools

Flood warnings	Physical factors affecting flood risk	Human factors affecting flood risk
Food relief channels	Floodplain zoning	Hydrographs
Embankments	Afforestation	Flashy hydrograph
Channel straightening	Dams and reservoirs	Flat hydrograph

Bulldozing	Glaciated upland areas	Late Devensian ice sheet
Glacier retreat	Till	Freeze-thaw weathering
Glacier advance	Outwash plain	Abrasion
Internal deformation	Basal slip	Plucking

Lateral moraine	Corries	Aretes
Drumlins	Medial moraine	Pyramidal Peaks
Erratics	Ground and terminal moraines	Glacial troughs
Ribbon lakes	Hanging valleys	Truncated spurs

Reservoir construction	Farming	Forestry
Energy development	Conifer plantations	Quarrying
Tourism and conservation		Tourism
Quarrying and conservation	Farming and tourism	Conflict