



Memory Geogger

Identify the 4 main types of coastal transportation.

Give two 'push' factors for rural-urban migration in LICs.

Explain why it is important that a risk assessment is carried out before you go on a fieldwork investigation.

Identify the 3 main stores in the nutrient cycle.

Evaluate the benefits and problems of the informal economy. Give examples from Lagos to illustrate your response.



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Identify the 4 main types of coastal transportation.

Suspension
Saltation
Traction
Solution

Explain why it is important that a risk assessment is carried out before you go on a fieldwork investigation.

It is important that you conduct a risk assessment before you go on a field trip because there are many risks involved in every type of field work and it is essential that you know about these before hand. This will then allow you to avoid certain risks or at least limit the risk by carrying out certain precautions and checks. By doing this you will reduce the chance of potential hazards occurring and also have a plan in place for what to do should something happen.

Give two 'push' factors for rural-urban migration in LICs.

- Often the employment opportunities are limited to farming and little else.
- The standard and availability of education in rural areas in LICs is poor
- They don't have the same access to medical resources and facilities as urban areas do, especially more modern facilities.
- Population increase tends to be high in LICs which could result in a shortage of land in rural areas.

Identify the 3 main stores in the nutrient cycle.

- Soil
- Litter
- Biomass

Evaluate the benefits and problems of the informal economy. Give examples from Lagos to illustrate your response.

The informal economy brings both advantages and disadvantages. The Olusosun is a landfill site in Lagos. 500 people work at the dump as part of the informal sector. This provides an income for the workers along with the opportunity to recycle and use waste products, particularly electrical items. They can also gather building materials for homes. In addition, the Olusosun also provides environmental benefits as the methane gas released from the rotten waste can be used to produce electricity. This is called the Lagos State Management Authority plan.

However, there are also disadvantages of the informal economy. The work is often dangerous and unsanitary. It can also cause the inhalation of toxic fumes from the burning and extraction of electronic items which have been imported to Nigeria for the purpose of disposal. Additionally, fires can also break out due to a build up on natural gases as the dump builds up.

In conclusion, the informal sector brings social advantages such as an income for people, a sense of community and the belief that opportunities can be found in waste materials. There are also environmental opportunities for electricity production which some areas may not otherwise have. However the health concerns and dangers, along with the release of toxic chemicals mean that the informal sector also presents many risks.